- (c) A recipient or contractor may count toward its MBE goals a portion of the total dollar value of a contract with a joint venture eligible under the standards of this subpart equal to the percentage of the ownership and controls of the MBE partner in the joint venture.
- (d)(1) A recipient or contractor may count toward its MBE goals only expenditures to MBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. An MBE is considered to perform a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of a distinct element of the work of a contract and carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To determine whether an MBE is performing a commercially useful function, the recipient or contractor shall evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, and other relevant factors.
- (2) Consistent with normal industry practices, an MBE may enter into subcontracts. If an MBE contractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of normal industry practices, the MBE shall be presumed not to be performing a commercially useful function. The MBE may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the recipient. The recipient's decision on the rebuttal of this presumption is subject to review by the Department.
- (e)(1) A recipient or contractor may count toward its MBE, DBE or WBE goals 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required under a contract and obtained from an MBE, DBE or WBE regular dealer, and 100 percent of such expenditures to an MBE, WBE, or DBE manufacturer.
- (2) For purposes of this section, a manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises the materials or supplies obtained by the recipient or contractor.
- (3) For purposes of this section, a regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are

bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. To be a regular dealer, the firm must engage in, as its principal business, and in its own name, the purchase and sale of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns or operates distribution equipment. Brokers and packagers shall not be regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

- (f) A recipient or contractor may count toward its MBE, DBE, or WBE goals the following expenditures to MBE, DBE, or WBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:
- (1) The fees or commissions charged for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant or managerial services and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials or supplies required for performance of the contract, provided that the fee or commission is determined by the recipient to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) The fees charged for delivery of materials and supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves) when the hauler, trucker, or delivery service is not also the manufacturer of or a regular dealer in the materials and supplies, provided that the fee is determined by the recipient to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- (3) The fees or commissions charged for providing any bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of the contract, provided that the fee or commission is determined by the recipient to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

[45 FR 21184, Mar. 31, 1980, as amended at 52 FR 39230, Oct. 21, 1987]

## § 23.49 Maintenance of records and reports.

(a) In order to monitor the progress of its MBE program the applicant/recipient shall develop a recordkeeping system which will identify and assess MBE contract awards, prime contractors' progress in achieving MBE subcontract goals, and other MBE affirmative action efforts.

- (b) Specifically, the applicant/recipient shall maintain records showing:
- (1) Procedures which have been adopted to comply with the requirements of this part.
- (2) Awards to MBEs. These awards shall be measured against projected MBE awards and/or MBE goals. To assist in this effort, the applicant shall obtain regular reports from prime contractors on their progress in meeting contractual MBE obligations.
- (3) Specific efforts to identify and award contracts to MBEs.
- (c) Records shall be available upon the request of an authorized officer or employee of the government.
- (d)(1) The recipient shall submit reports conforming in frequency and format to existing contract reporting requirements of the applicable Departmental element. Where no such contract reporting requirements exist, MBE reports shall be submitted quarterly.
- (2) These reports shall include as a minimum:
- (i) The number of contracts awarded to MBEs;
- (ii) A description of the general categories of contracts awarded to MBEs;
- (iii) The dollar value of contracts awarded to MBEs;
- (iv) The percentage of the dollar value of all contracts awarded during this period which were awarded to MBEs; and
- (v) An indication of whether and the extent of which the percentage met or exceeded the goal specified in the application.
- (3) The records and reports required by this section shall provide information relating to firms owned and controlled by minorities separately from information relating to firms owned and controlled by women. If the records and reports include any section 8(a) contractors that are not minorities or women, information concerning these contractors shall also be recorded and reported separately.

## §23.51 Certification of the eligibility of minority business enterprises.

- (a) To ensure that this part benefits only MBEs which are owned and controlled in both form and substance by one or more minorities or women, DOT recipients shall use Schedules A and B (reproduced at the end of this part) to certify firms who wish to participate as MBEs in DOT under this part.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, each business, including the MBE partner in a joint venture, wishing to participate as a MBE under this part in a DOT-assisted contract shall complete and submit Schedue A. Each entity wishing to participate as a joint venture MBE under this part in DOT-assisted contracts shall in addition complete and submit Schedule B. The schedule(s) shall be signed and notarized by the authorized representative of the business entity. A business seeking certification as an MBE shall submit the required schedules with its bid or proposal for transmission to the contracting agency involved.
- (c) Under the following circumstances, a business seeking to participate as an MBE under this subpart need not submit schedule A or B:
- (1) If a DOT recipient has established a different certification process that DOT has determined to be as or more effective than the process provided for by this section. Where such a process exists, potential MBE contractors shall submit the information required by the recipient's process.
- (2) If the potential MBE contractor states in writing that it has submitted the same information to or has been certified by the DOT recipient involved, any DOT element, or another Federal agency that uses essentially the same definition and ownership and control criteria as DOT. The potential MBE contractor shall obtain the information and certification (if any) from the other agency and submit it to the recipient or cause the other agency to submit it. The recipient may rely upon such a certification. Where another agency has collected information but not made a determination concerning eligibility, the DOT recipient shall make its own determination based on